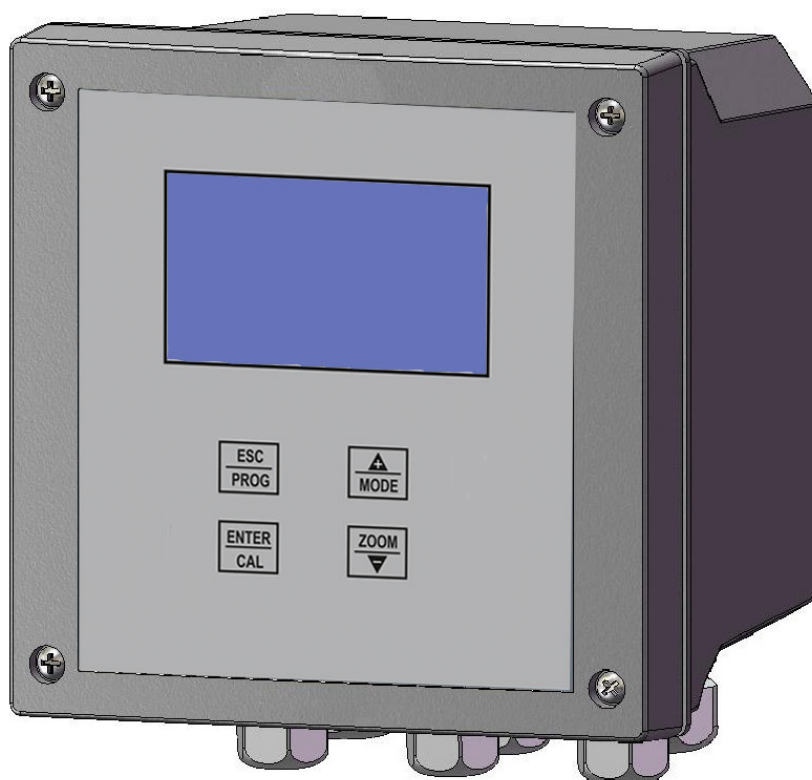


# pH / ORP AND TEMPERATURE ANALYZER



## TECHNICAL MANUAL

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# 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 INFORMATION ON THE MANUAL

This document contains reserved information. It may be subject to modifications and updates without any prior notice.

This manual is an integral part of the instrument. Upon initial installation of the equipment, the operator must carry out a careful control of the contents of the manual in order to check its integrity and completeness.

If for any reason it is ruined, incomplete or inadequate please contact the supplier in order to reintegrate or replace the non-compliant manual immediately.

The official versions of the machine, for which supplier is directly responsible, are the ones in Italian and in English.

For countries of different languages from the ones indicated above, the official manual will remain the one in Italian. The supplier will not be held responsible for any possible translations in different languages made by distributors or users themselves.

Compliance with the operative procedures and the precautions described in this manual is an essential requirement for the correct operation of the instrument and to guarantee total operator safety.

The manual must be ready in all parts, in front of the instrument, before use so that all methods of operation are clear as well as the controls, connections to the peripheral equipment and precautions for a correct and safe use.

The user manual must be stored, integral and legible in all parts, in a safe place and at the same time it must be immediately accessible to the operator during installation, use and/or installation revision operations.

### 1.1.1 CONVENTIONS

The present user manual uses the following conventions:

#### NOTE



The notes contain important information to be highlighted compared with the rest of the text. They generally contain information that is useful to the operator to carry out and optimise operative procedures of the equipment in a correct manner.

#### CAUTION



Caution messages appear in the manual before procedures or operations that must be observed in order to avoid any possible losses of data or damages to the equipment.

#### CAUTION



Caution messages appear in the manual in correspondence to the description of procedures or operations that, if carried out incorrectly, may cause damages to the operator or users.

---

## 1.2 LIMITS OF USE AND PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFETY

In order to guarantee safety of the operator together with the correct functioning of the equipment, it is important to work within the limits permitted and to adopt all of the precautions listed below:

### CAUTION



Check before use to make sure that all safety requirements are fully satisfied. The equipment must not be powered or connected to other equipment until safety conditions are satisfied.

### 1.2.1 ELECTRICAL SAFETY

### CAUTION



All of the connections on the are isolated from the environment ground (mass is not isolated).  
**DO NOT** connect any of these connections to earth.

In order to guarantee conditions of utmost safety for the operator, we recommend that all of the indications listed in this manual are respected.

- **Power the equipment exclusively using network tension according to specifications (100 ÷ 240 Vac/dc 50-60 Hz)**
- **Replace damaged parts immediately.** Cables, connectors, accessories or other parts of the equipment that may be damaged or not working correctly must be replaced immediately. In this case contact your nearest authorised technical assistance centre.
- **Only use accessories and peripherals specified by supplier.** In order to guarantee all of the safety requirements, it is important to make exclusive use of the accessories specified in this manual which have been tested in combination with the equipment. The use of accessories and consumption materials of other manufacturers or not specifically recommended by supplier will not guarantee the safety and correct operation of the equipment. Only use peripherals that comply with the regulations of their specific categories.

---

## 1.2.2 SAFETY OF THE OPERATIVE ENVIRONMENT

- **The panel device is protected against the introduction of liquids.** Avoid subject the equipment to the risk of dripping water, sprays of water or immersion in water and the use in environments in which such risks may be present. Equipment in which liquids may have accidentally penetrated must be immediately switched off, cleaned and controlled by authorised and qualified personnel.
- Once programming has been carried out, we recommend that the transparent panel is closed.
- **Protection.**  
**Wall mounting**
  - IP66 EN60529
  - EMI /RFI CEI EN55011 - 05/99
- **Use the equipment within the environmental limits of temperature, humidity and pressure specified.** The instrument has been developed to operate in the following environmental conditions:
  - Temperature of the working environment  $0^{\circ}\text{C} \div +50^{\circ}\text{C}$
  - Temperature of storage and transportation  $-25^{\circ}\text{C} \div +65^{\circ}\text{C}$
  - Relative humidity  $10\% \div 95\%\text{RH}$  – not condensing



### CAUTION

The water treatment plant in which the instrument is introduced must be developed in accordance with the functional requirements imposed by current legislation.

The apparatus must be inserted perfectly into the plant.

The plant must be kept operative in full compliance with the safety regulations provided.

The parameters indicated on the analyser must comply with current regulations.

Any signals of faults to the device must be positioned in an environment that is constantly controlled by operative personnel or plant assistants.

Non compliance with even just one of these conditions may lead the “logics” of the device to operate in a potentially dangerous manner for users of the service.

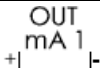
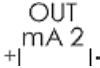
Therefore, we recommend that service personnel and/or maintenance personnel operate with the utmost care, pointing out any changes to the safety parameters immediately, in order to avoid the creation of any potentially dangerous situations.

As the considerations indicated above cannot be controlled by the product in question, the manufacturer will not be held responsible for any damages that these malfunctions may cause to people or things.

---

## 1.3 GRAPHIC SYMBOLS

The following table illustrates the drawings, the relative description and the position of all graphic symbols present on the equipment panels and on any other equipment or external devices to which they may be connected.

| SIMBOLO                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | DESCRIZIONE                                                                  | POSIZIONE                                                                              |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                                                                                                                            | <b>Danger symbol</b>                                                         | A symbol located close to the clamps for connection to power.                          |
| <br><br> | <b>Phase</b><br><b>Neutral</b><br><b>Earth protection</b>                    | Symbols located close to the connections of the equipment to the electricity network   |
|                                                                                                                                                                            | <b>Caution! Refer to the documentation attached</b>                          |                                                                                        |
|                                                                                                                                                                           | <b>Positive</b><br><b>Negative</b>                                           | POSITIVE pole of the connector RS485 (A+)<br>NEGATIVE pole of the connector RS485 (B-) |
|                                                                                                                                                                          | <b>Terminal Box - Probe</b>                                                  | pH / ORP sensor connection                                                             |
|                                                                                                                                                                          | <b>PT100/1000</b>                                                            | Temperature sensor connection                                                          |
|                                                                                                                                                                          | <b>Analogical output n.1</b>                                                 | 0/4 ÷20mA separated galvanically                                                       |
|                                                                                                                                                                          | <b>Analogical output n. 2</b>                                                | 0/4 ÷20mA separated galvanically                                                       |
|                                                                                                                                                                          | <b>Symbol of separate collection of electrical and electronic equipment.</b> | Symbol placed on the top of the electronic box                                         |

## 1.4 CAUTION SYMBOL

The symbol illustrated below represents the **CAUTION** symbol and reminds the operator that he should read the user manual for important information, advice and suggestions for the correct and safe use of the equipment.



In particular, when it is positioned close to connection points to cables and peripherals, the symbol in question refers to careful reading of the user manual for instructions related to the nature of such cables and peripherals and the methods for correct and safe connections.

For the position of the CAUTION symbols on the equipment, refer to Chapter 2 “*Commands and Indicators, Connections*” and Chapter 3 “*Installation*” of this user manual. The reproductions of equipment panels, with relative commands, connections, symbols and labels are provided in this chapter. Each caution symbol is accompanied by a detailed explanation of its meaning.

## 1.5 PLATE DETAILS

|                                                                                   |         |                            |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|----------------------------|
|  | Mod.    | _____                      |
|                                                                                   | SN.     | XXXXXXX                    |
|                                                                                   | Volt    | 100-240 Vac/dc    Hz 50/60 |
|                                                                                   | SW Ver. | X.X                        |

## 1.6 INFORMATION ON RECYCLING AND USE OF MATERIALS

The supplier, in accordance with specific European regulations, aims at constant improvement of development and of production procedures of its equipment with the objective of drastically reducing the negative impact on the environment caused by parts, components, consumption materials, packaging and the equipment itself at the end of its life cycle.

Packaging is conceived and produced to allow for its re-use or recovery, including recycling of the majority of the materials and to reduce the amount of waste or residues to be disposed of, to a very minimum. In order to assure a correct environmental impact the equipment has been designed with the smallest circuit possible, with the lowest differentiation possible of materials and components, with a selection of substances that guarantee utmost recycling and maximum reuse of the parts and waste disposal free from ecological risks.

The equipment is made in such a way as to guarantee the easy separation or dismantling of the materials containing contaminants compared with others, in particular during maintenance operations and the replacement of parts.

### CAUTION



The disposal/recycling of packaging, of consumption materials and of the equipment itself at the end of its life cycle must be carried out in accordance with the norms and regulations that are currently valid in the country in which the equipment is used.

### 1.6.1 SPECIAL ATTENTION TO CRITICAL COMPONENTS

The instrument is fitted with an LCD liquid crystal display, which contains small amounts of toxic materials.

## 2 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The analyser of this manual is made up of an electronic device plus a technical manual.

The device may be installed on an electrical board or to the wall at a maximum distance of 15 metres from the measuring Probe.

It is powered by the network (85÷265Vac/dc-50/60Hz) by a Switching feeder.

This equipment has been designed to analyse ON-LINE and pilot the dosage pumps for the treatment of water in different applications:

- Waste water treatment plant
- Treatment and Discharge of Industrial Water
- Fish farm
- Primary Water, Drinking Water

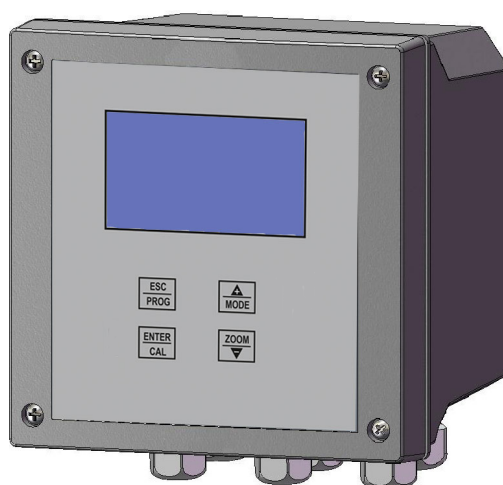


Figure 1 – Wall mounting pH / ORP and Temperature analyzer

### 2.1 MEASURING PRINCIPLES

#### 2.1.1 PH MEASURER

It is an instrument designed to measure the level of acidity of a liquid, that is to say the property of a substance to be sent into an ion solution of Hydrogen ( $H^+$ ). The unit of measurement of this property is pH (abbreviation of potential Hydrogenium) and it represents the opposite of the decimal logarithm of the concentration of  $H^+$  ions present in the solution. In the case of pure water at room temperature, the value indicated above is 7. Basic solutions are the ones with a pH value above 7 and acid solutions are the ones with a pH level below 7. The highest and lowest limits of the scale are pH=0 for pure acids and pH=14 for pure bases.

Electrochemical, exam strips, indicators or colour metres are the pH value measurers available. Out of all of these methods, just one electrochemical measuring provides well defined results.

This measuring is carried out using electrodes for the pH.

The electrode for the pH is an electrochemical sensor made up of a measuring reference electrode. With regards to the pH value of the solution examined, the tension on a membrane varies.

The electrodes for the pH value currently in use have been developed to indicate a pH value of 7 in the presence of a tension of 0 mV in the membrane. The more the value moves from pH=7, the greater the tension of the signal. The pH metre determines the pH value according to this signal.

---

### 2.1.2 REDOX MEASURER

An instrument to measure the potential of the Oxidation Reduction Potential (ORP) that indicates the ability to exchange electrons between a donor element (reducing) and an accepting element (oxidizing) measured through the potential undertaken by an indifferent electrode (platinum/gold) emerged in the solution containing the oxidized or reduced form, compared with an oxidize chosen by chance as a zero electrode. The unit of measurement is Volts, but one of its multiples, milli-volts ( $\text{mV} = \text{V} \times 10^{-3}$ ) is often used.

Some application examples of this measurement are the control of de-nitrification of discharge waters (the determination of the number of oxidization), surveillance of the disinfections effect of drinking water or swimming pool water or even for decontamination in galvanic procedures.

Measuring is carried out using an electrode for oxidation reduction. As in the case of the electrode for the pH value, this sensor is made up of a measuring electrode and a reference electrode. The measuring function however is not carried out, in this case, by a glass membrane but by a platinum (or gold) membrane. The inclination of the ions in the solution to absorb or transmit electrons determines the potential of the platinum and consequently the tension of the electrode. Normal electrodes currently in use are fitted with a hydrogen electrode (UH), a silver/silver chloride electrode (UB) and this means that the tension indicated refers to this system.

## 2.2 MAIN CHARACTERISTICS

- Measuring of the pH / ORP
- Measuring of Temperature using the PT100/PT1000 probe
- Automatic Compensation of Temperature
- Programming key pad with 4 keys
- LCD Graphic display 128x64 with background illumination
- Internal Data Logger (flash 4 Mbit) with the possibility of graphic and table visualisation of measurement trends
- PID adjustment
- Serial outlet RS485 MOD BUS RTU
- Data download on USB key (optional)
- 1 Programmable Analogical Outlet
- 2 Relay Outlets for intervention thresholds
- 1 Relay Outlet for Instrument Anomaly Alarm or Temperature Set Point
- 1 Relay Outlet for Probe Washing or Temperature Set Point
- 1 Digital Entrance for disabling of doses

#### ➤ *Main hardware characteristics of the electronic device*

The hardware structure of this periphery is based on the adoption of extremely new CPU CMOS with 8 bits developed specifically for the execution of the so-called “embedded” applications.

The card uses an EEPROM to store the Set-up data and flash memories for storage of the archives of historical data and LOG files of events.

The Card has 1 RS485 gate (opto-isolated) for local networks used for connections with local communication devices (configuration computer, terminals and remote controls etc).

The card integrates a Real Time Clock (clock with date) that allows the software to storage figures in a chronological order.

---

### 2.2.1 TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR PH MEASURING

The technical characteristics of the Analyser are listed in the following Table:

|                          |                 |
|--------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Measurement range</b> | 00.00 ÷ 14.00pH |
| <b>Resolution</b>        | ± 0.01pH        |
| <b>Precision</b>         | ± 0.2% f.s.     |

### 2.2.2 TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR REDOX MEASURING

|                          |             |
|--------------------------|-------------|
| <b>Measurement range</b> | ± 1500mV    |
| <b>Resolution</b>        | ± 1mV       |
| <b>Precision</b>         | ± 0.2% f.s. |

### 2.2.3 TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR MEASURING OF SECONDARY TEMPERATURE

|                          |               |
|--------------------------|---------------|
| <b>Sensor</b>            | PT100/PT1000  |
| <b>Measurement range</b> | -10 ÷ +130°C. |
| <b>Resolution</b>        | ± 0.1°C       |
| <b>Accuracy</b>          | ± 1% F.S:     |

### 2.2.4 OPERATING FEATURES

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Power supply</b>        | 100 ÷ 240 Vac/dc 50-60 Hz (optional 24 Vac/dc)                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Power consumption</b>   | < 7W                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Relay outputs:</b>      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Set Point ON – OFF</b>  | 00.00 ÷ 2.00 / 5.00 / 10,00/ 20,00 / 200 / 500 / 2000 / 10000 100000 pH o mg/l                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>ON – OFF Time</b>       | 000 ÷ 999 Seconds<br>For every digital output a relay with contacts opened normally is used. The maximum current commutable is 1 Ampere, the maximum tension commutable is 230Vac, maximum power 230VA on a resistive load          |
| <b>Alarm:</b>              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Function</b>            | Delay, Faults and Min./Max.                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Delay time</b>          | 00:00 ÷ 99:99 min                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Threshold disabling</b> | Enable / Disable                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Relay function</b>      | Closed / Open                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Holding range</b>       | 00.00 ÷ 2.00 / 5.00 / 10,00/ 20,00pH                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Holding time</b>        | 00:00÷ 99:99 min<br>For alarm end wash digital output, a relay with contacts opened normally is used. The maximum current commutable is 1 Ampere, the maximum tension commutable is 230Vac, maximum power 230VA on a resistive load |

---

**Digital input:**

|                      |            |
|----------------------|------------|
| <b>Input voltage</b> | 24 Vdc /ac |
| <b>Absorption</b>    | 10mA max   |

**Analogic output:**

|                            |                              |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| <b>Output</b>              | programmable output 0/4-20mA |
| <b>Max. load</b>           | 500 Ohm                      |
| <b>NAMUR alarm output</b>  | 2.4 mA (with range 4/20mA)   |
| <b>PID dosing function</b> | P – PI – PID                 |
| <b>Proportional band</b>   | 0 – 500%                     |
| <b>Integration</b>         | 0:00 – 5:00 min              |
| <b>Derivative</b>          | 0:00 – 5:00 min              |

## 2.3 CONTROLS, INDICATORS AND CONNECTIONS

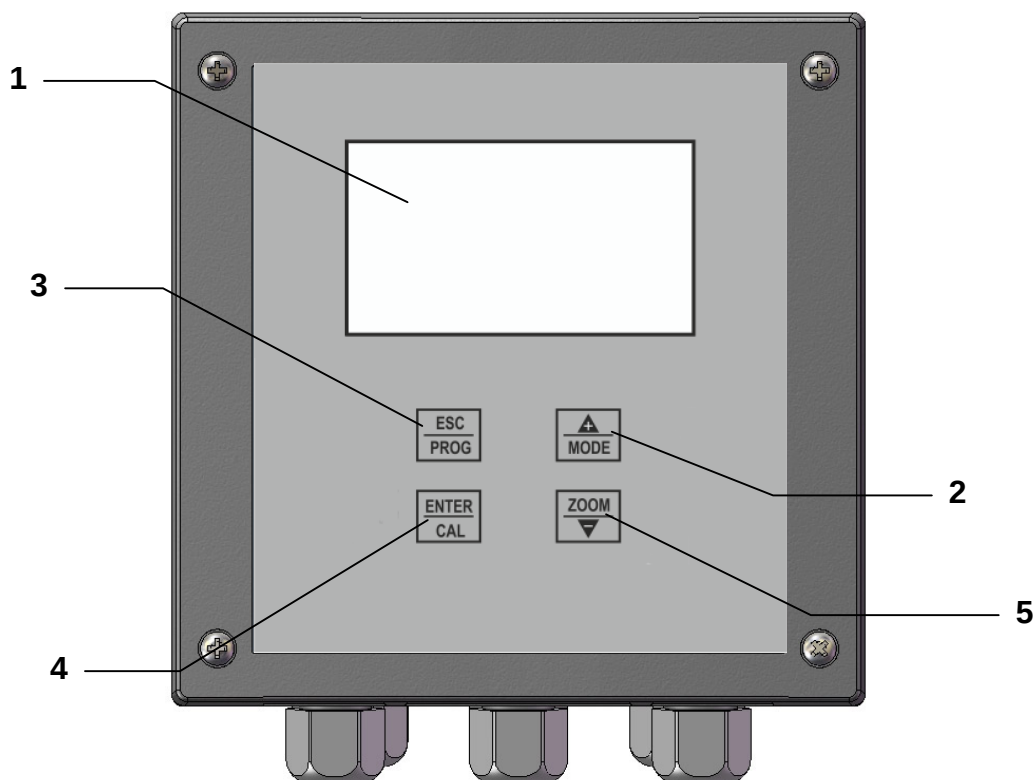


Figure 2 – Wall instrument, front panel

1. Visualizer with LCD Display
2. UP key
3. ESC key
4. ENTER key
5. DOWN key

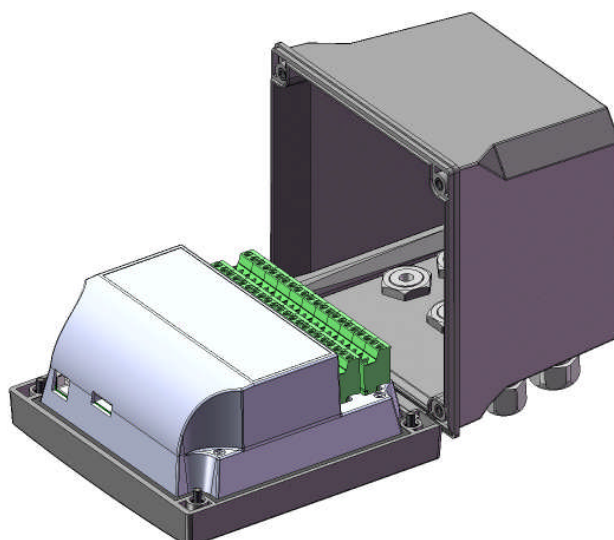


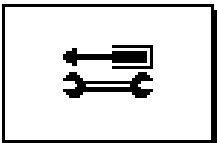
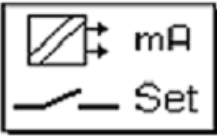
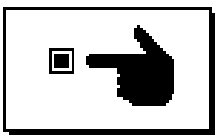
Figure 3 – Access to the terminal box

## 2.4 GRAPHIC DISPLAY

The graphic display allows for visualization of the various programming menus and, in the measuring method (RUN), visualization of the measurements and of the state of operation.

### 2.4.1 LIST OF PRIMARY MENUS

The following table illustrates the symbols visualized on the display which represent the various programming menus.

| VISUALIZATION<br>ON THE GRAPHIC DISPLAY |                                                                                                       | DESCRIPTION                                                                |
|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1                                       | <br>SETUP            | SETTINGS MENU<br>All basic parameters for operation logics are set         |
| 2                                       | <br>OUTPUTS          | OUTPUT MENU<br>Setting of analogical and digital outputs                   |
| 3                                       | <br>CALIBRATIONS   | CALIBRATIONS MENU<br>Calibration Procedure of the electrode                |
| 6                                       | <br>MANUAL CONTROL | MANUAL CONTROL MENU<br>Manual control and activation of Inputs and Outputs |

## 2.4.2 DIVISION OF THE GRAPHICAL DISPLAY INTO AREAS IN THE RUN METHOD

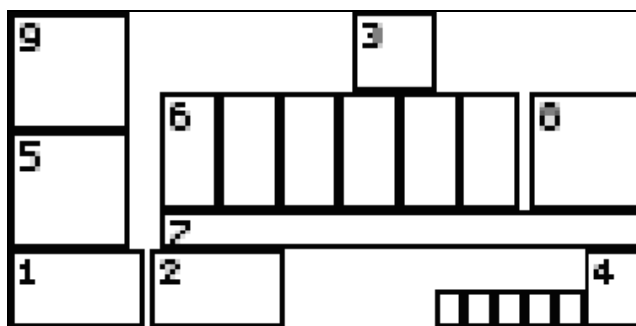
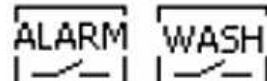


Figure 4 – Graphic display - divided up into areas

In the following table, for every area of the display indicated in figure 3, the symbols that may appear during functioning of the device in a measurement method (RUN) are represented and briefly described.

| GRAPHIC ZONE | VISUAL REPRESENTATION | DESCRIPTION                                      |
|--------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| 1            |                       | Set1 - Open Relay                                |
|              |                       | Set1 - Closed Relay                              |
|              |                       | Set1 – Timed<br>Active Threshold Relay Open      |
|              |                       | Set1 – Timed<br>Deactivated Threshold Relay Open |
|              |                       | Set1 - Timed<br>Active Threshold Relay Closet    |
| 2            |                       | Set2 - Open Relay                                |
|              |                       | Set2 - Closed Relay                              |
|              |                       | Set2 - Timed<br>Active Threshold Relay Open      |
|              |                       | Set2 - Timed<br>Deactivated Threshold Relay Open |
|              |                       | Set2 – Timed<br>Active Threshold Relay Closed    |
| 1-2          |                       | Disabling Set<br>Indicates digital entrance ON   |

| GRAPHIC ZONE | VISUAL REPRESENTATION                                                               | DESCRIPTION                                 |
|--------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
|              |    | Stay time<br>Probe frozen on a value        |
|              |    | Maximum Logical Set Exceeded                |
|              |    | Minimum Logical Set Exceeded                |
|              |    | Maximum dosage time exceeded                |
| 3            |    | Washing stage active                        |
| 4            |    | Value outlet n.1 (in mA)                    |
|              |   | Real temperature value (in Fahrenheit)      |
|              |  | Manual value of temperature (in Fahrenheit) |
|              |  | Real temperature value (in Centigrades)     |
|              |  | Manual temperature value (in Centigrades)   |
| 5            |  | Alarm active – Alarm relay closed           |
| 6            |  | Numerical                                   |
| 7            |  | 0% of the scale                             |
|              |  | 10% of the scale                            |
|              |  | 20% of the scale                            |
|              |  | 30% of the scale                            |
|              |  | 40% of the scale                            |
|              |  | 50% of the scale                            |
|              |  | 60% of the scale                            |

| GRAPHIC ZONE | VISUAL REPRESENTATION                                                             | DESCRIPTION                  |
|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
|              |  | 70% of the scale             |
|              |  | 80% of the scale             |
|              |  | 90% of the scale             |
|              |  | 100% of the scale            |
| 8            | <b>pH</b>                                                                         | pH measurement unit          |
|              | <b>Rx<br/>mV</b>                                                                  | ORP measurement unit         |
|              | <b>SEC</b>                                                                        | Seconds during stabilization |

### 3 INSTALLATION

Before installing, carefully read the instructions provided below.

#### 3.1 COMPOSITION OF THE SUPPLY

The supply consists of just one package which contains the following parts:

- 1 electrical control and command panel PN .....?????
- 1 Technical Manual PN .....?????

##### 3.1.1 INSTALLATION OF WALL MOUNTED DEVICE

The wall must be completely smooth in order to allow for perfect adhesion of the device.

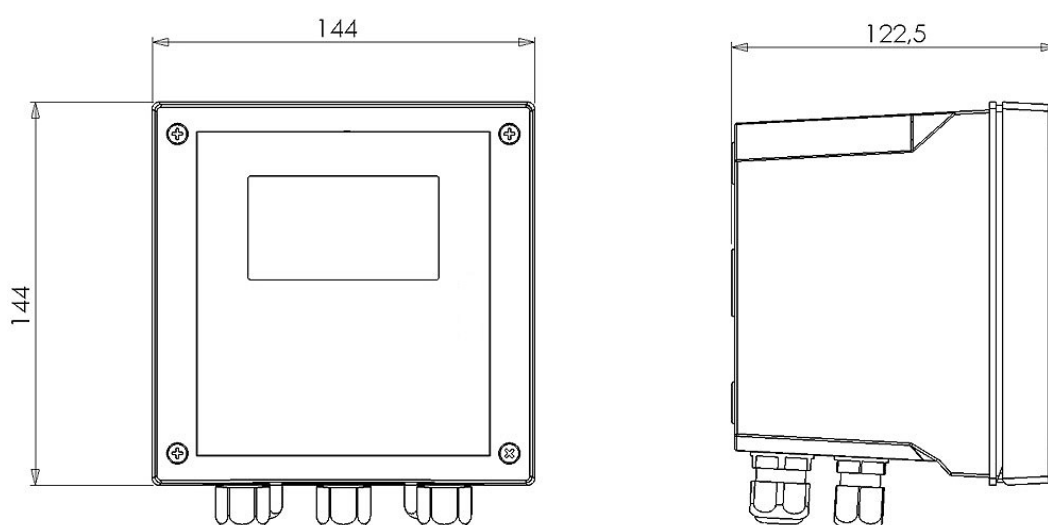


Figure 5 – Dimensions and encumbrance of the wall mounted device

| Mechanical Dimensions  |                            |
|------------------------|----------------------------|
| Dimensions (L x H x P) | 144x144x122,5mm            |
| Fixing depth           | 122,5mm                    |
| Material               | ABS Grey RAL 7045          |
| Mounting               | Wall                       |
| Weigth                 | 1 Kg                       |
| Frontal Panel          | Polycarbonate UV Resistant |

Open the instrument, open the pre-shaped holes and fix the instrument itself to the wall. Use the provided plastic caps to close the holes.

The terminal box for connections is located on the bottom of the gear case and it is necessary to keep it separated from other equipment by at least 15 cm. in order to make it easier to use. Keep away from water drips and/or sprays of water from adjacent areas in order to safeguard the instrument during programming or calibration stages.

### 3.1.2 INSTALLATION OF THE GEAR CASE INTO THE ELECTRICAL PANEL

The wall must be perfectly smooth in order to allow for perfect adhesion of the electrical panel close to the gear case.

The net depth of the panel must be at least 130 mm.

The thickness of the panel must not exceed 5 mm.

The perforation DIMA must comply with the following layout:

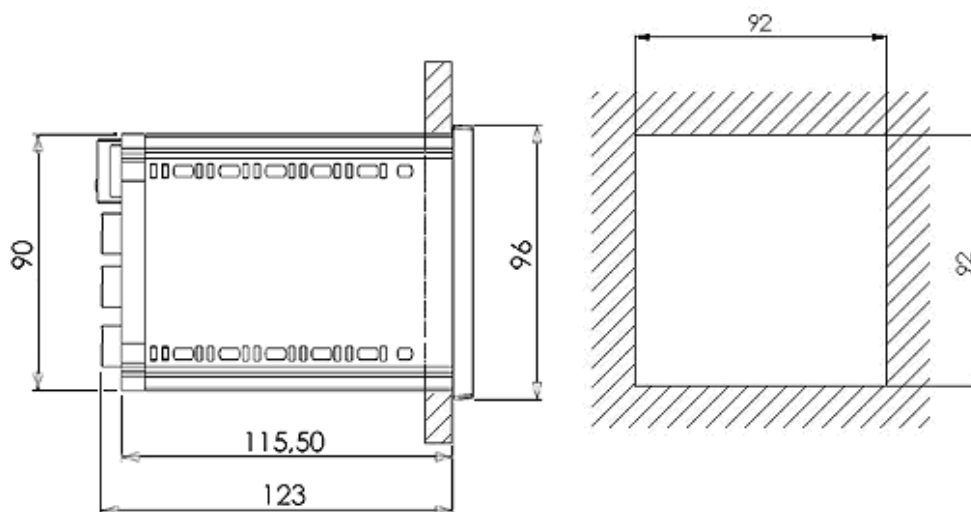


Figure 6 – Encumbrance and Dima for perforation of the panel

| Mechanical Dimensions  |                            |
|------------------------|----------------------------|
| Dimensions (L x H x P) | 96x96x115,5mm              |
| Fixing depth           | 130mm                      |
| Material               | Black ABS                  |
| Mounting               | Panel                      |
| Weight                 | 0,7 Kg                     |
| Frontal Panel          | UV Resistano Policarbonate |

Fixing of the Gear case to the panel is carried out using two brackets (1) included in the standard supply, which are inserted into the housings (2) and fixed into position using the relative screws (3).

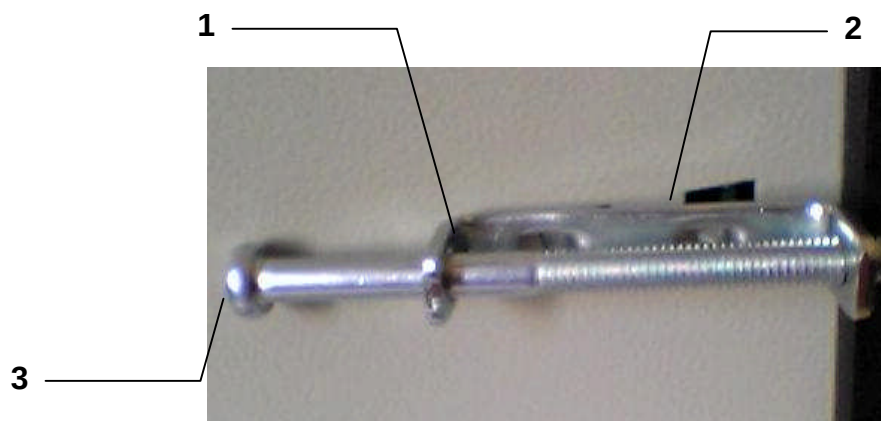


Figure 7 – Fixing bracket of the Gear case to the Panel

Keep free from dripping and/or sprays of water from adjacent areas.

---

### 3.1.3 CONNECTIONS TO THE POWER SUPPLY

If possible avoid any cables destined for high power use to be positioned close to the device as they may cause faults of an inductive nature to the analogical section of the instrument.

Apply a tension alternating between 100Vac and 240Vac 50/60 Hz or, according to details on the identification plate, the most stabilised tension possible.

Avoid at all costs connections to power supplies that have been rebuilt, for example, with the help of transformers in which this rebuilt power supply will feed other systems beyond the device (perhaps of an inductive kind) because, in this way, high tension spikes will be created and once they are irradiated it becomes very difficult to block and/or eliminate them.



#### CAUTION

---

**The electric line must be fitted with a suitable life-saving device and magneto-thermal, in compliance with correct installation norms.**

---

In any case it is always best to check the quality of the Ground connection. It is very common to find Ground connections, mainly in industrial environments, that are generators themselves of disturbances: in the case of any doubts on quality a connection to a rod dedicated to the device plant is recommended.

#### 3.1.3.1 Electrical Connections to the dosage systems (Users)



#### CAUTION

---

**Before starting connections between the Device and the external Users, make sure that the electrical panel is switched off and the cables from the Users are not under tension.**

---

“Users” mean the outlets and relays used in the device

- (SET1) for the Dosage Pump or control command
- (SET2) for the Dosage Pump or control command
- (ALARM) the alarm command transmitted by the instrument to the siren and/or flashing light
- (WASH) electrode washing command



#### CAUTION

---

**Each relay contact can support, on a resistive load, a maximum current of 1 Ampere with a max. of 230V, therefore a total power of 230VA**

---

In the case of higher levels of power it is best to carry out connections as indicated in the layout of fig. 7-b)

If the load to be handed is of low power or of a resistive nature, the layout indicated in Fig. 7-a) can be used.

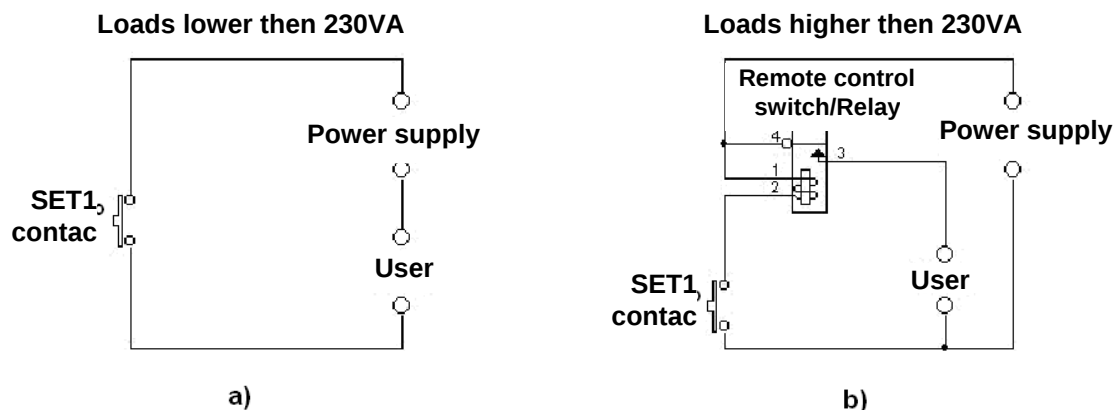


Figure 8 Examples of connection with users

### NOTE



The layouts indicated above are typically indicative as details of all of the protection and safety devices necessary are missing.

#### 3.1.3.1.1 Connection terminal box for wall mounting

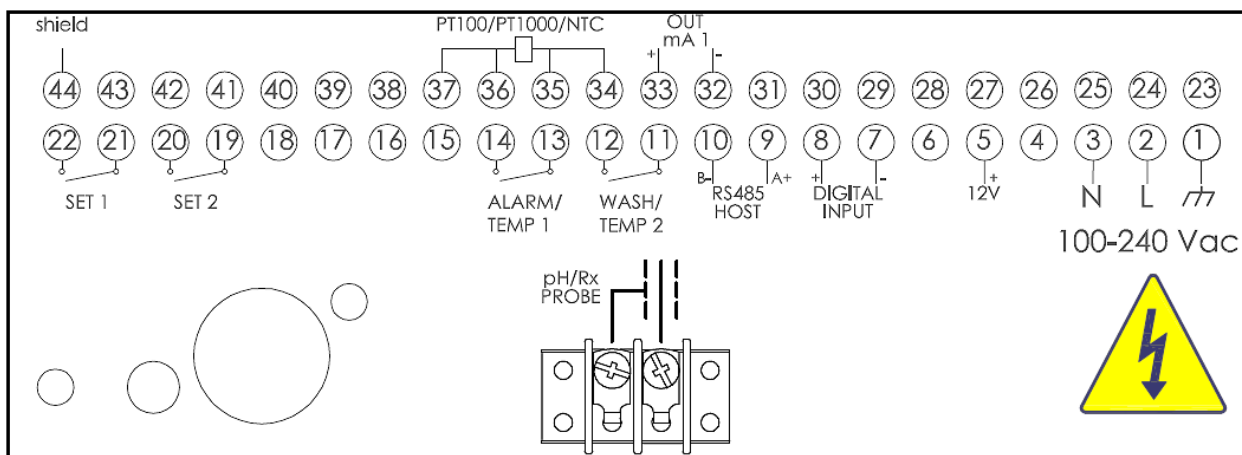
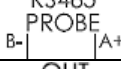
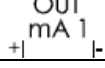


Figure 9 Connections terminal box

| CLAMP Nr. | GRAPHIC          | DESCRIPTION                             |
|-----------|------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| 1         |                  | Power supply (Earth)                    |
| 2         | <b>L</b>         | Power supply (Neutral)                  |
| 3         | <b>N</b>         | Power supply (Phase)                    |
| 5         | 12V <sup>+</sup> | Probe Supply (+12V)                     |
| 7         |                  | Digital input (-)                       |
| 8         |                  | Digital input (+)                       |
| 9         |                  | RS485 (A+)                              |
| 10        |                  | RS485 (B-)                              |
| 11        |                  | Relay for Wash and Temp (N.C. contact)  |
| 12        |                  | Relay for Wash and Temp (N.O. contact)  |
| 13        |                  | Relay for Alarm and Temp (N.C. contact) |
| 14        |                  | Relay for Alarm and Temp (N.O. contact) |
| 19        |                  | Relay for Set Point 2 (N.C. contact)    |
| 20        |                  | Relay for Set Point 2 (N.O. contact)    |

| CLAMP Nr.    | GRAPHIC                                                                           | DESCRIPTION                                                                     |
|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 21           |  | Relay for Set Point 1 (N.C. contact)                                            |
| 22           | SET 1                                                                             | Relay for Set Point 1 (N.O. contact)                                            |
| 25           |  | Differential Electrode connection (+)                                           |
| 26           |                                                                                   | Differential Electrode connection (-)                                           |
| 32           |  | Output mA1 (-)                                                                  |
| 33           |                                                                                   | Output mA1 (+)                                                                  |
| 34           |  | PT100 / PT1000 Common Cable                                                     |
| 35           |                                                                                   | PT100 / PT1000 Signal Cable                                                     |
| 36           |                                                                                   | PT100 / PT1000 Signal Cable                                                     |
| 37           |                                                                                   | PT100 / PT1000 Common Cable                                                     |
| 44           | shield                                                                            | Shield                                                                          |
| Terminal Box |  | pH or ORP Analog probe connection, respect the clamp for the gear box and earth |

### 3.1.3.1.2 Connection terminal box for panel mounting

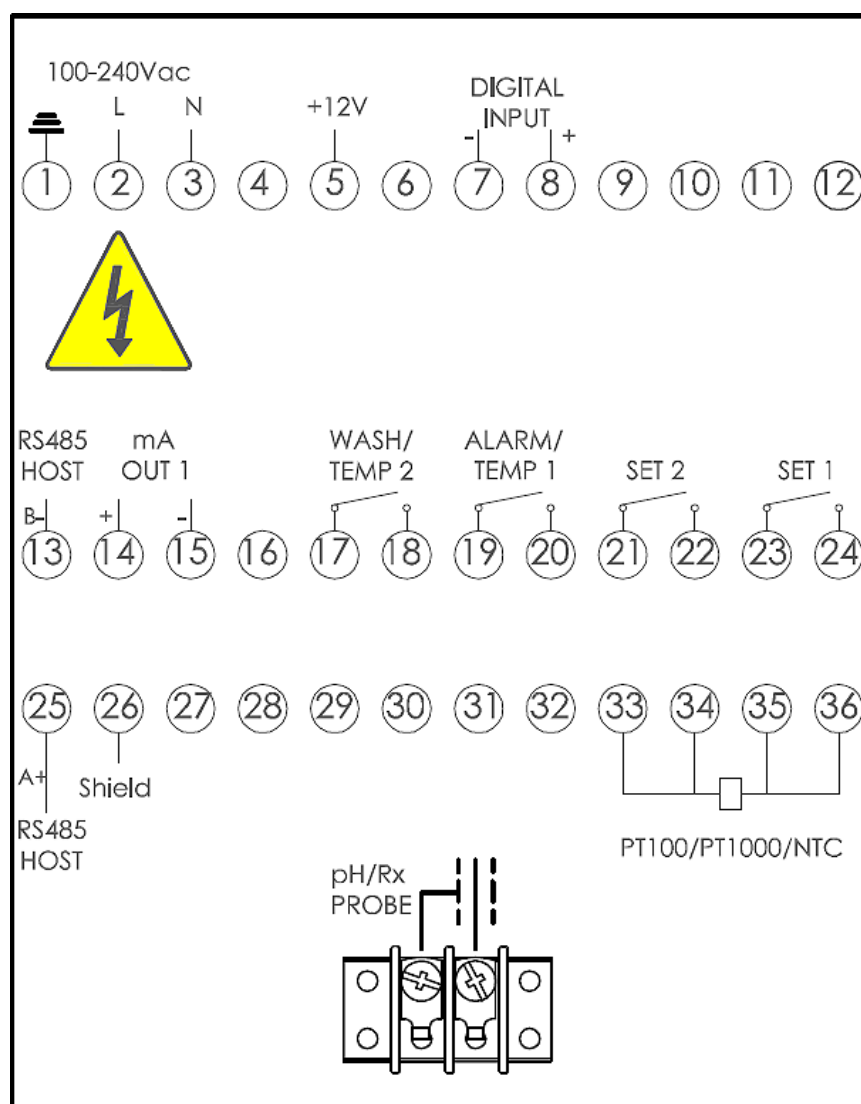
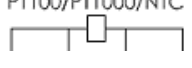


Figura 10 Panel mounting terminal box

| CLAMP Nr     | GRAPHIC                                                                                      | DESCRIPTION                                                                       |
|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1            |             | Power supply (Earth)                                                              |
| 2            | <b>L</b>                                                                                     | Power supply (Phase)                                                              |
| 3            | <b>N</b>                                                                                     | Power supply (Neutral)                                                            |
| 5            | 12V <sup>+</sup>                                                                             | Probe Supply (+12V)                                                               |
| 7            |             | Digital input (-)                                                                 |
| 8            |                                                                                              | Digital input (+)                                                                 |
| 13           |             | RS485 (B-)                                                                        |
| 25           |                                                                                              | RS485 (A+)                                                                        |
| 14           |             | Output mA1 (+)                                                                    |
| 15           |                                                                                              | Output mA1 (-)                                                                    |
| 17           |             | Relay for Wash and Temp (N.C. contact)                                            |
| 18           |                                                                                              | Relay for Wash and Temp (N.O. contact)                                            |
| 19           |             | Relay for Alarm and Temp (N.C. contact)                                           |
| 20           |                                                                                              | Relay for Alarm and Temp (N.O. contact)                                           |
| 21           |             | Relay for Set Point 2 (N.C. contact)                                              |
| 22           |                                                                                              | Relay for Set Point 2 (N.O. contact)                                              |
| 23           |             | Relay for Set Point 1 (N.C. contact)                                              |
| 24           |                                                                                              | Relay for Set Point 1 (N.O. contact)                                              |
| 26           | Shield                                                                                       | Shield                                                                            |
| 33           |           | PT1000 yellow                                                                     |
| 34           |                                                                                              | PT1000 yellow                                                                     |
| 35           |                                                                                              | PT1000 blue                                                                       |
| 36           |                                                                                              | PT1000 blue                                                                       |
| Terminal Box | <br>pH/Rx | pH or ORP Analogyc probe connection, respect the clamp for the gear box and earth |

### 3.1.3.2 Connections to the Power Supply

Once you have made sure that the tension complies with the one indicated in the previous paragraphs, connect the electrical power line to the clamps marked by connecting the clamp with the relative symbol to earth.

### 3.1.4 PH / ORP PROBE CONNECTION

Switch the instrument off.

Connect the electrode cables to the meter terminal board according to the colour codes on the adhesive label placed under the electronics container cover or referring to the manual (see sections 3.1.2.1.1).

The pH/ORP electrode cable max. length should not be longer than 15 metres. It is a good practice not placing the cable near high-power or inverter's cables, thus avoiding any interference when measuring the pH/ORP values.

## 4 METHODS OF USE

### 4.1 COMPOSITION OF THE MEASURING SYSTEM

#### 4.1.1 MINIMUM CONFIGURATION

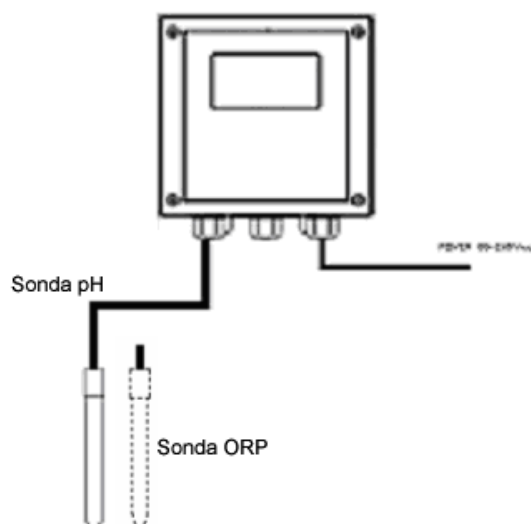


Figure 11 Minimum Configuration

#### 4.1.2 MAXIMUM CONFIGURATION

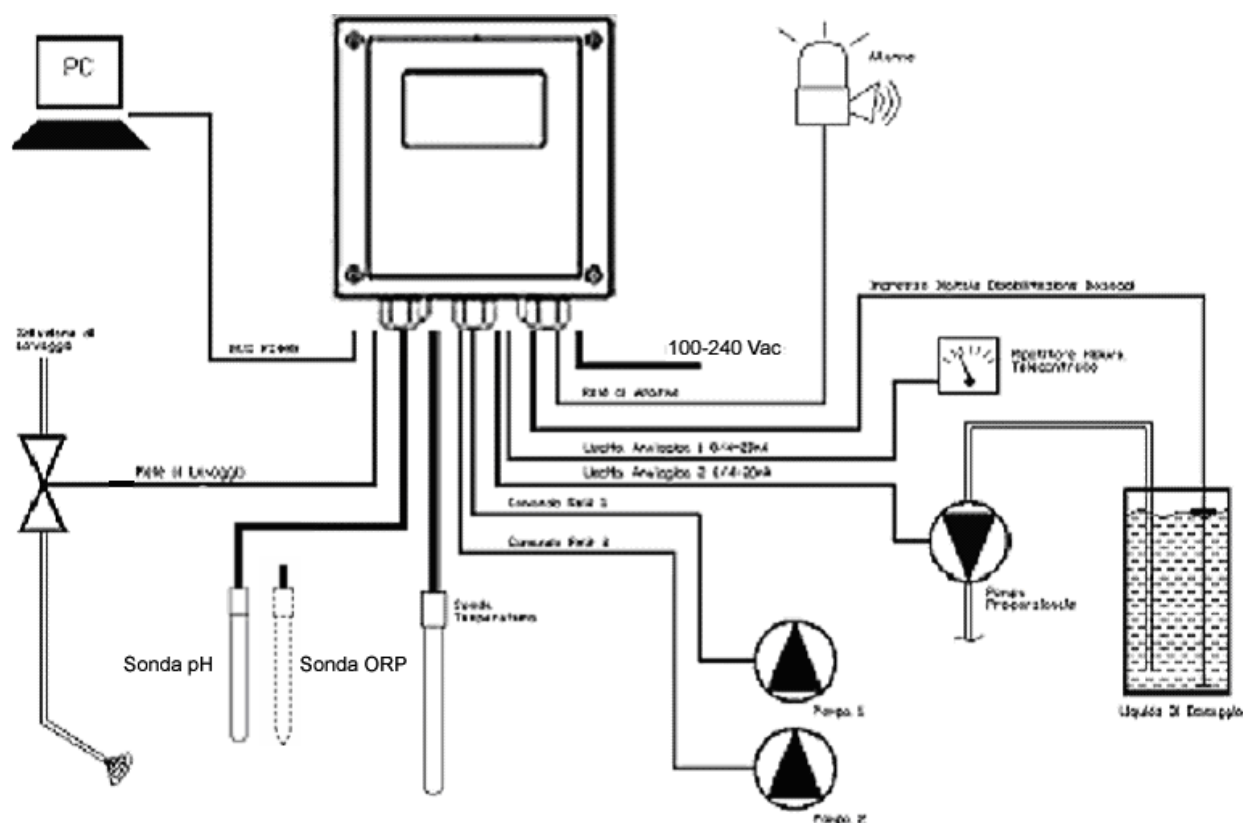


Figure 12 Maximum Configuration

## 4.2 START UP OF THE SYSTEM

Once the electronic device and the measuring probe (PH / ORP) have been connected, programming of the software must be carried out in order to determine “personalisation” of parameters for correct use of the equipment.

Turn on the equipment by connecting it to the mains, the device does not have a power supply switch.

### 4.2.1 MENU FUNCTIONS AT START

When the equipment is turned on, it is possible to use some keys to intervene on programming functions not present in the SETUP.

(See paragraphs 4.3.1; 4.3.2; 4.3.3)

#### 4.2.1.1 Type of measurement selection (configuration pH or Redox )

Press the **UP** and **DOWN** keys together before turning the equipment on, then turn on and keep them pressed down for at least 5 seconds.

After the logo and indication of the SW version number, the window for the choice of configuration of the ORP or pH instrument will appear on the window, with the consequent cancellation of the parameters, see fig. 13.

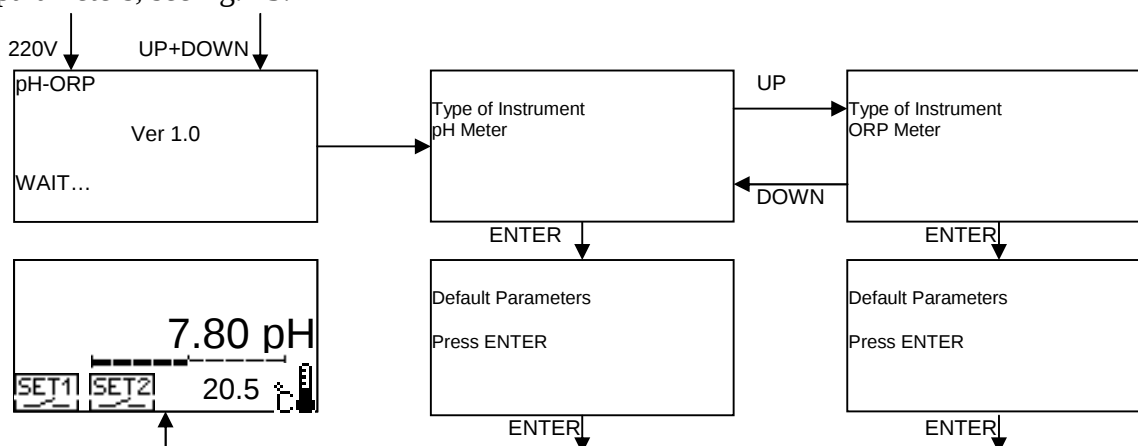


Figure 13 – Flow-Chart of Instrument Editing Function

#### 4.2.1.2 Contrast adjustment

Using the same procedure, but keeping the **DOWN** button pressed, the display contrast adjustment window will appear.

#### NOTE



During this operation release the **DOWN** button immediately after the first acoustic beep, otherwise the contrast will go quickly to 0% and the display will be completely white. In order to reset the correct level, simply press the **UP** key to the desired value.

Using the **UP** and **DOWN** keys it is possible to adjust the contrast percentage.

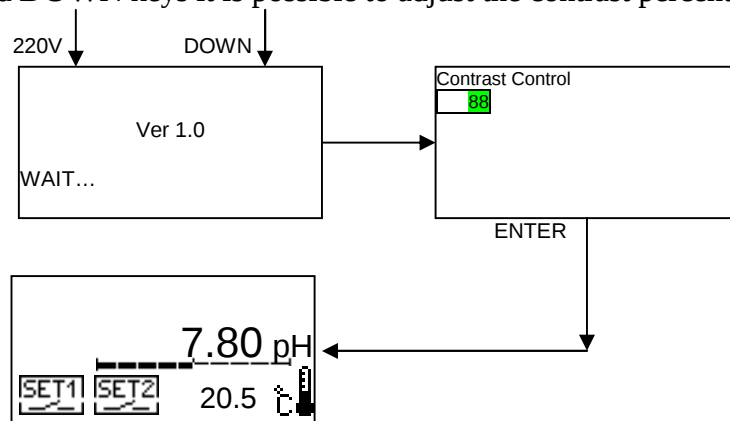


Figure 14 – Contrast Function Flow-Chart

Subsequently pressing ENTER, the RUN visualisation will be activated.

### 4.3 INTRODUCTION OF OPERATIVE PARAMETERS – THE USE OF KEYS

In order to introduce/modify operative figures and to carry out calibration procedures, use the menus visualised on the display through the 4 function keys located on the front panel of the device.

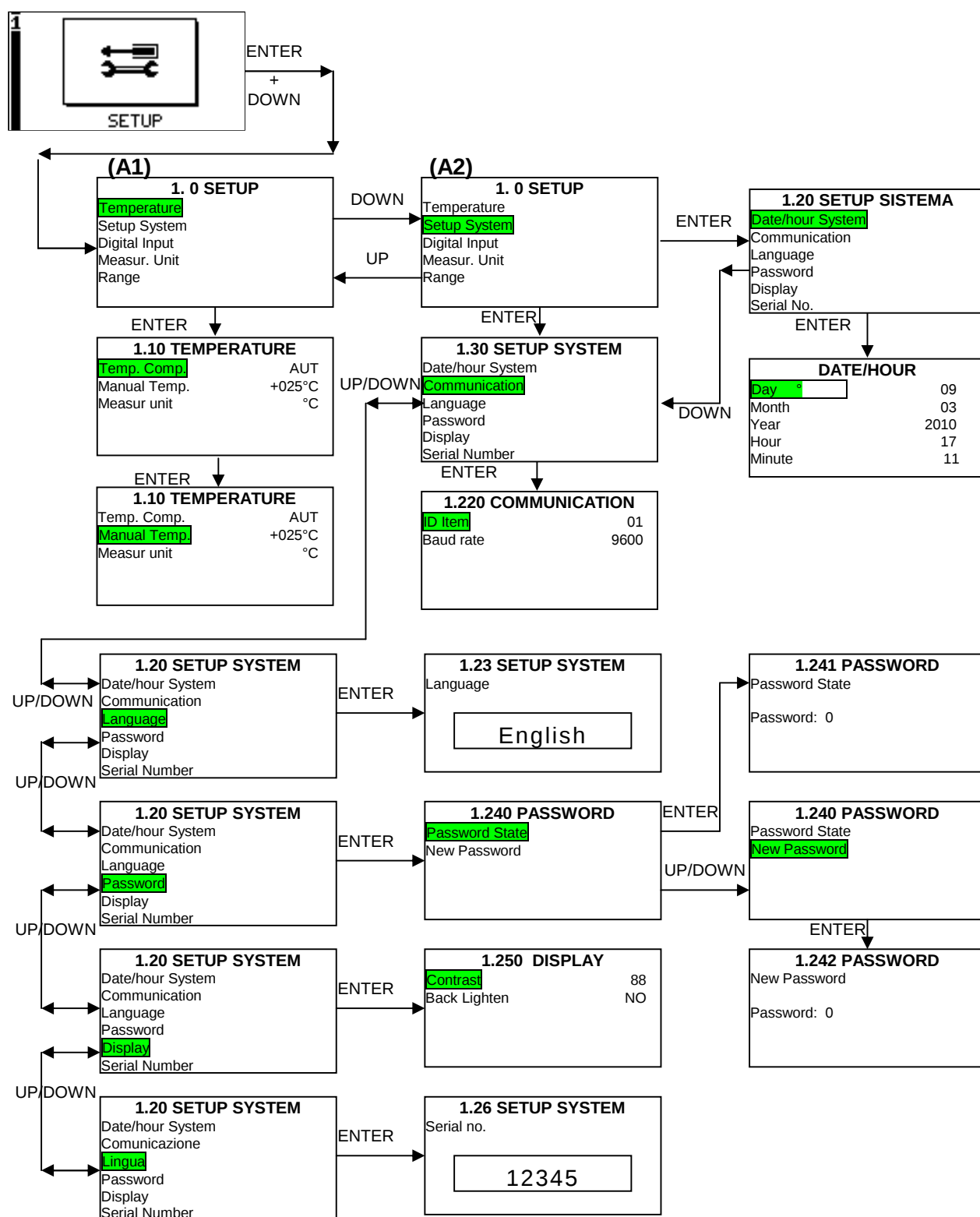
When turned on the apparatus will automatically position itself in a measuring method – the RUN function. By pressing the ESC key the programming method will be available through the first menu “1 SETTINGS”.

Using the UP and DOWN keys the various menus and submenus can be scrolled and information can be modified (increase/reduction).

Using the ENTER key access will be provided to the submenus for the input of information and the variations made will be confirmed.

By pressing the ESC key the screen will go back to the menu or to the previous function and any variations made will be cancelled.

### 4.3.1 SETUP MENU (TEMPERATURE – SYSTEM SETUP)



#### A1) Temperature

The Unit of Measurement function allows for the value of the temperature to be visualised in Centigrade or Fahrenheit. Centigrades are set as a default.

---

## A2) Setup System

In this part of the programme which is divided up into 5 functions, the basic functioning parameters of the instrument are set.

Description of the functions:

### **DATE/HOUR SYSTEM**

Setting of the DATE and TIME of the system that will be memorised every time that figures are viewed in a historical perspective.

### **COMMUNICATION**

The instrument has a serial port in RS485 which is separated galvanically and can be used for dialogue with a HOST system using the standard protocol MOD BUS RTU. Through the serial port it is possible to visualise the real time status, programme all of the Set-Up and downloading all of the archives of the instrument.

The Communication Set-up function is used to programme the serial port and is divided up into two settings:

ID Instrument: A numerical address from 1 to 99 to which the instrument will reply. The default is 01.

Baud Rate: Speed of the RS485 serial which can be programmed at between 1200 and 38400. The default is 9600.

### **LANGUAGE**

It is possible to select the language used by the Software between: Italian, English, French, Spanish and German.

### **PASSWORD**

At this stage it is possible to activate and programme for access to the instrument. Once activated, each time that the programming stage is accessed the access password will be requested.

The password is made up of a 4 figure number. The default is 2002 which will always remain active even if a new password is programmed.

In order to access the step "Password Status" or "New Password", the existing password must be inserted and then the new input can be carried out.

### **DISPLAY**

Contrast: It allows for the definition of a greater or lower contrast of the display according to the temperature in which the instrument is operating.

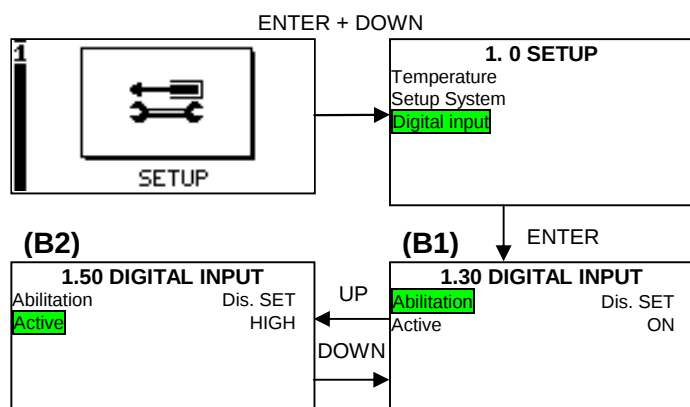
Background illumination: At this stage you can decide whether or not to maintain background illumination or to switch it off one minute after having released the key.

By programming YES the background illumination stays on, by programming ON it switches off automatically. NO is programmed as a default.

### **SERIAL NO.**

In this part of the programme the serial number of the instrument is shown.

### 4.3.2 SETUP MENU (DIGITAL INPUT- MEASURING UNIT)



#### B1) Digital input: Abilitation

In this function it is possible to assign the digital input.

Setting “Dis. SET” the digital input is assigned to the SET POINT disabilitation.

Setting “WASH” the digital input is assigned to the WASH.

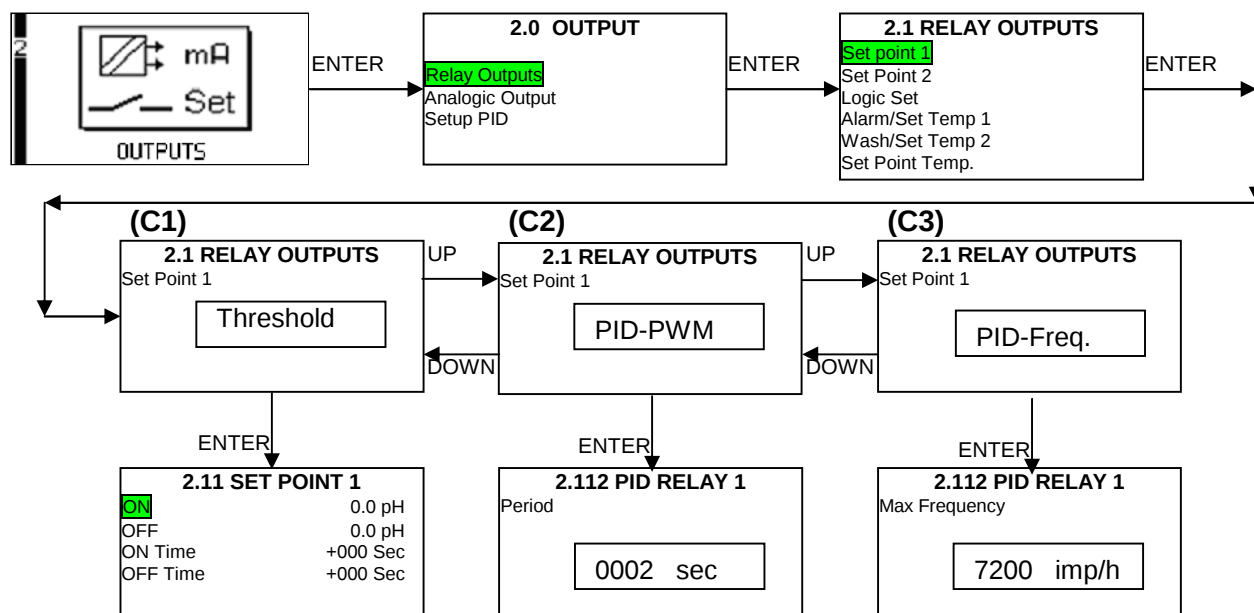
#### B2) Digital input: Active

Set the direction of the input, if active when the input goes HIGH Or LOW.

Setting “HIGH” the digital input is active when the input itself is powered.

Setting “LOW” the digital input is active when the input itself is not powered.

### 4.3.3 OUTPUTS MENU (RELAY OUTPUTS – SET POINT 1)



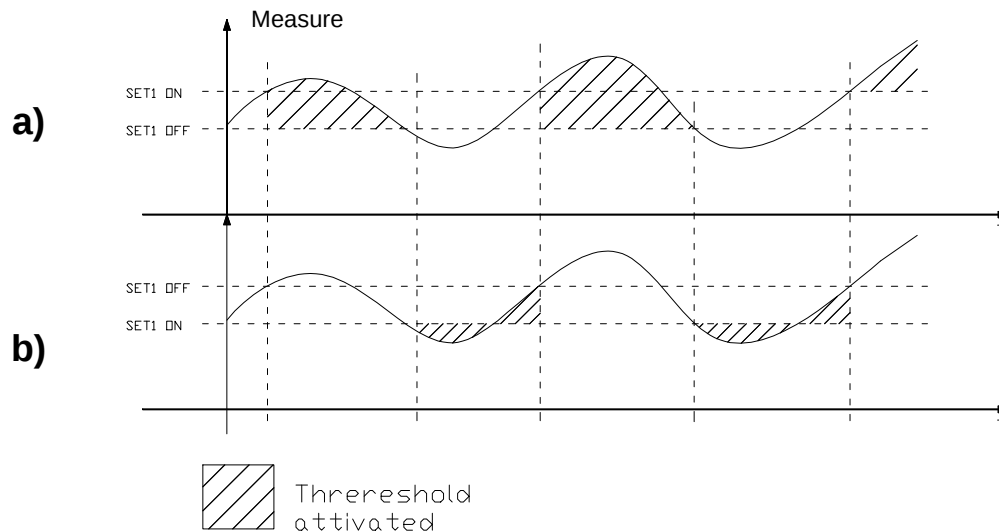
The programming parameters of Set Point 1 establish the working logic of Relay 1. It is possible to programme using the logics of Relay 1 in the following ways:

#### C1) Threshold

By programming the Set Point for this function, we can activate the relay as a Threshold by programming an **ON** value (relay activation) and an **OFF** value (relay deactivation). The free programming of these two values will allow for the creation of a hysteresis suitable for any kind of application.

By programming the **ON** value higher than the **OFF** one (fig. 15.a) an **UPWARD** threshold will be achieved: (When the value exceeds the **ON** value, the relay is activated and remains active until the value falls below the **OFF** value).

By programming the **OFF** value higher than the **ON** one (fig. 15.b) a **DOWNWARD** threshold will be achieved: (When the value falls below the **ON** value, the relay is activated and remains active until the value exceeds the **OFF** value). See fig.15.



**Figure 15 – Threshold operation**

Furthermore by acting on the **Time ON** and **Time OFF** parameters it is possible to define a **DELAY** time or a **TIMED** operation of the Relay during its activation.

Negative or positive ON and OFF Times can be defined. (fig. 16)

By programming *Negative Times* the **DELAY** function is activated:

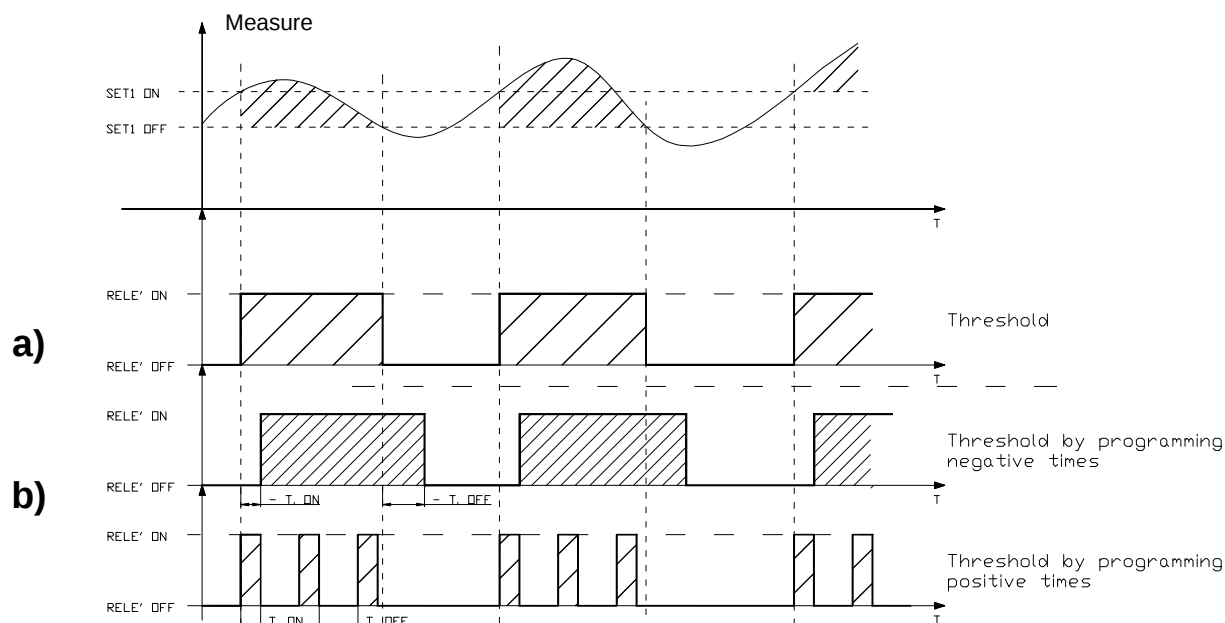
*Eg. Time ON: -5sec , Time OFF -10sec.* (fig. 16.a)

When the threshold is activated, the relay will close after 5 seconds (**ON time**) and it will remain closed for the entire period in which the threshold is active. When the threshold is deactivated the relay will remain closed for another 10 seconds (**OFF time**) after which time it will open.

By programming *Positive Times* the **TIME** function will be activated:

*Eg. Time ON: 5sec , Time OFF 10sec.* (fig. 16.b)

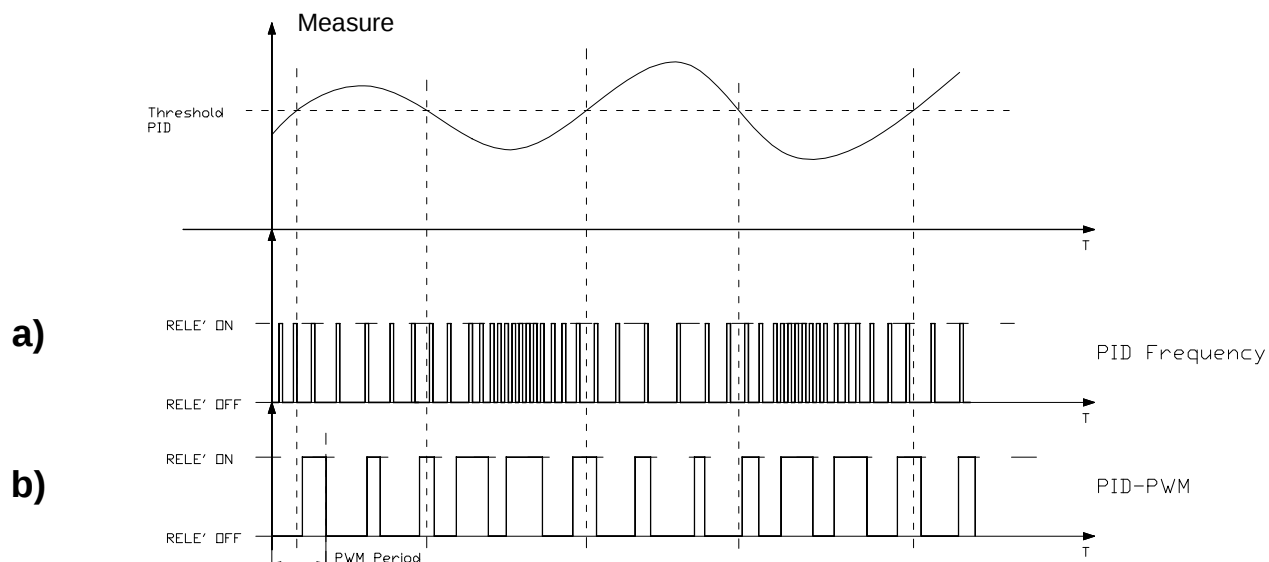
When the threshold is activated the relay will alternate between an open/closed position according to the times programmed. In the case of the example the relay will close for 5 seconds (**ON time**) after which time it will remain open for 10sec (**OFF time**). This cycle will continue until Threshold 1 is not deactivated.



**Figure 16 – Operation of Relay 1**

## C2) PID-PWM

By defining the Set Point as PID-PWM, through Relay 1, it is possible to activate a pump with an ON/OFF command almost as if it had a proportional adjustment. For this function the time period must be programmed (in seconds) within which the calculation of the PWM adjustment will come about. The maximum time that can be programmed is 999 seconds with a 1 second step. We recommend starting with short periods of time and increasing them gradually in order to avoid drastic variations in measuring. For operation of the Relay in a PID-PWM function see fig. 17.b.



**Figure 17 – Operation of Relay 1 as PID**

### C3) PID-Frequency

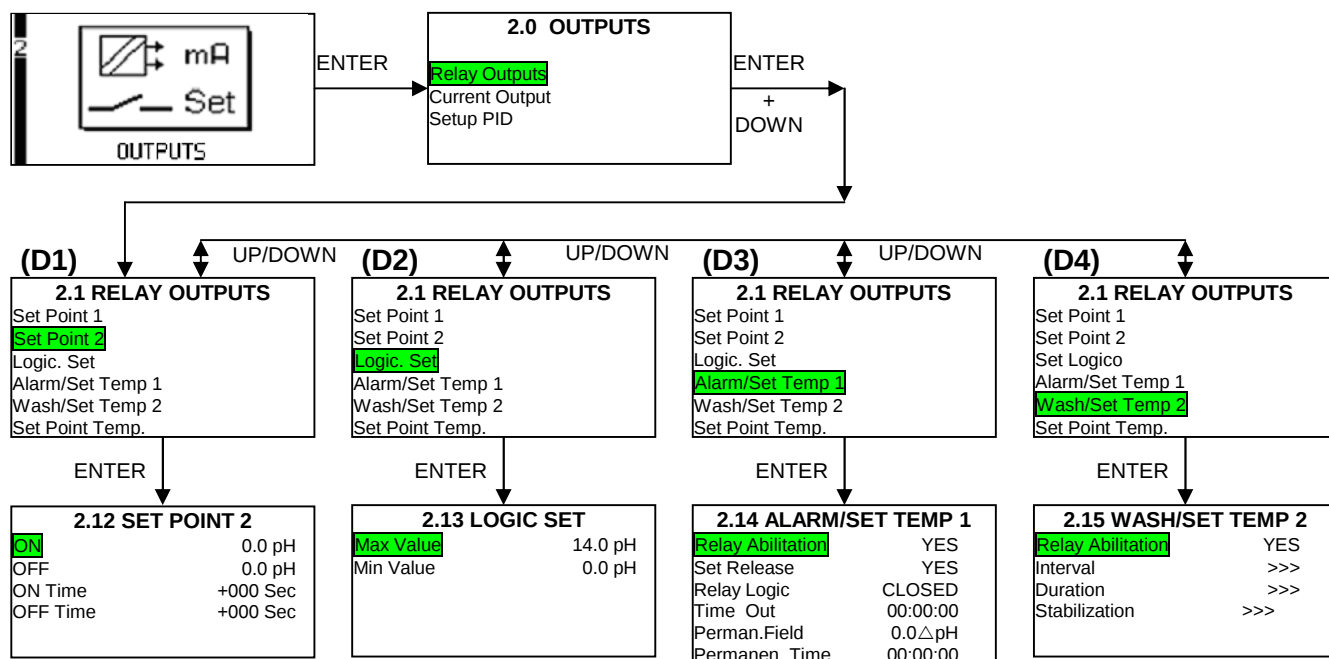
By setting the Set Point as PID-Frequency it is possible, through Relay 1, to control a pump directly with impulse inputs. The maximum number is 7200 imp/h with steps of 200. The ON and OFF impulse time is fixed at 250mSec. For operation of the Relay in a PID-Frequency see fig. 17.a.

#### NOTE



Functions C2) and C3) are related to the programming of the PID parameters to be found in the menu 2.30 (Par. 4.3.7). Therefore, before programming this function we recommend that you check the programming of the PID parameters.

### 4.3.4 OUTPUTS MENU (RELAY OUTPUTS – SET POINT 2, ETC.)



#### D1) Set Point2

The programming parameters of Set Point 2 determine the functioning logic of Relay 2.

This Relay may only be programmed as a Threshold. Programming of threshold 2 is identical to the one described for Threshold 1.

#### D2) Logical Set

The parameters of the Logical Set determine the functioning of the Alarm Relay. This function is deactivated by default.

This function activates an alarm when the measuring values are located outside of a specific “window”. It is, in reality, possible to programme a minimum value and a maximum value and once they are exceeded the instrument will generate an alarm. This function will allow an alarm to be activated if the measure values are over a certain “range”. In fact, it is possible to program a minimum and a maximum value: when exceeded, the equipment will generate an alarm.

This Logical Set is useful to control any possible faults to the system, eg. Defects in the dosage pumps etc.

---

### D3) Alarm/Set Temp. 1

With this function the basic settings of the Alarm Relay are defined, all of which are handled by the anomaly conditions inside and outside of the instrument.

Considering the importance of this Relay, we recommend that it is connected to a visual and acoustic signal which should always be kept under control by personnel in charge of running the plant, in order to intervene immediately in the case of a signal.

Programming of the Alarm Relay is articulated into 6 functions, therefore allowing for external anomalies (measuring electrode and dosage systems) as well as internal anomalies to be kept under control. Description of the functions:

#### **RELAY ABILITATION**

Within this function, it is possible to assign the relay.

Setting “YES” means that the relay works as an alarm. Setting “NO”, the relay is automatically assigned as temperature.

#### **SET RELEASE**

With this function it is possible to deactivate or activate dosages in the case of an alarm.

By programming YES, when any kind of alarm is activated, the Relay 1 and 2 contacts will open up immediately and the analogical outlets 1 and 2 will be cancelled.

By programming NO, even in the case of activation of the alarm, the Relay contacts and the analogical outlets will not change their position.

YES is set as a default.

#### **RELAY LOGICS**

The Alarm relay is an ON/OFF alarm and with this function it is possible to programme its opening/closing logic. CLOSED is set as a default.

By setting “CLOSED”, the Alarm relay will be opened in normal working conditions and will close in the event of an alarm.

By setting “OPEN” it will work in exactly the opposite way. The Alarm relay will close in normal working conditions and will open in the event of an alarm.

Furthermore, by setting OPEN it is also possible to control the anomaly of the absence of power tension which will lead to the immediate opening of the relay.

#### **TIME OUT**

With this function it is possible to set a maximum activation time of Set Point 1 and 2 *after which time the alarm will be activated*. This allows for the state of the dosage pumps to be kept under control.

By default this function is deactivated (time 00:00.00). The maximum time that can be programmed is 60 minutes, at steps of 15 seconds.

#### **PERMANENCE FIELD – PERMANENCE TIME**

This function allows for the state of functioning of the measuring probe to be kept under control.

If the measurement is stabilised within a certain interval for a period of time that exceeds the time set, the instrument will generate an alarm.

In order to activate this function, the following must be set:

in the “PERMANENCE FIELD” step the minimum oscillation interval of measuring (delta PH / ORP)

in the “PERMANENCE TIME” the maximum time in which excursion must come about.

If, during the period of time programmed, measuring is always within the interval programmed, the instrument will set off an alarm.

By default this function is deactivated as a delta 0 and a time of 00:00:00 has been programmed. The maximum time that can be programmed is 99 hours at steps of 15 minutes.

#### D4) Wash/Set Temp. 2

The instrument is fitted with a Washing Relay that can control a solenoid valve for washing of the measuring electrode.

The washing stage lasts 1 minute altogether and it includes 15 seconds for control of the solenoid valve (closing of the washing relay) and 45 seconds for stabilisation of the probe.

##### RELAY ABILITATION

Within this function, it is possible to assign the relay.

Setting “YES” means that the relay works as wash. Setting “NO”, the relay is automatically assigned as temperature.

##### INTERVAL

With this function it is possible to set the interval of time between one washing stage and the next. Immediately before it starts, the instrument memorizes the values of the measurements, the state of Relay 1 and 2 and the values of the analogical outlets and it keeps them “frozen” for the entire duration of the washing cycle.

This situation is highlighted on the display using an hourglass and, furthermore, instead of the measuring value a counter appears indicating how many seconds are left until the washing stage is completed.

By default this function is deactivated as a time of 00 hours and 00 minutes is programmed. The maximum interval that can be programmed is 24 hours at steps of 15 minutes.

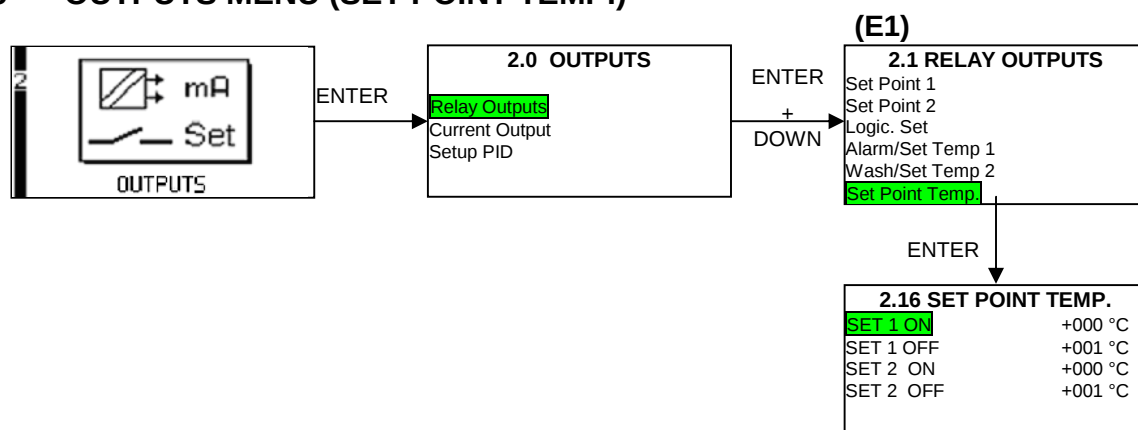
##### DURATION

Within this function it is possible to set the duration (in seconds) of the washing period.

##### STABILIZATION

Within this function it is possible to set the time (in seconds) needed to the stabilize the wash.

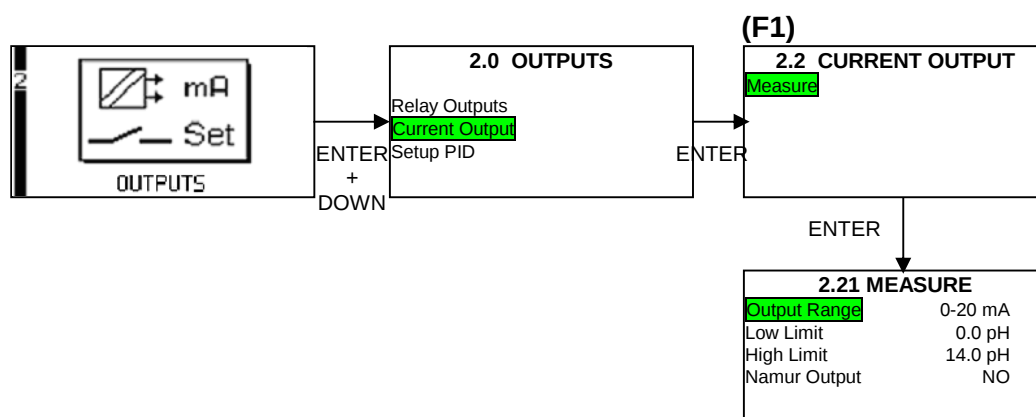
#### 4.3.5 OUTPUTS MENU (SET POINT TEMP.)



##### E1) Set Point Temp.

If at least one of the two relays in points **G3)**, **G4)** is set as temperature relay, within this step it is possible to set up the Set Point.

#### 4.3.6 OUTPUTS MENU (CURRENT OUTPUT)



The instrument is fitted with two analogical outlets in a current that is separated galvanically and are independent of each other. The first outlet refers to the primary measuring therefore proportional to the PH / ORP measured. The second, however, can be programmed between Temperature, or pH.

##### F1) Measuring

In this step of the programme 4 functions can be set:

##### OUTPUT RANGE:

A selection can be made between 0-20mA or 4-20mA. The default is programmed at 0-20mA

##### LOWER LIMIT:

A pH or ORP value at 0 to 4mA of outward current can be set. The default is set at 0pH o –1500mV

##### UPPER LIMIT:

A pH or ORP value of 20mA can be set for outward current. The default is set at 14pH o +1500mV  
The regulation of Lower and Upper Limit functions allow for the scale of analogical outputs to be amplified. Furthermore, the output can be inverted to 20-0mA o 20-4mA

##### NAMUR OUTPUT:

This function is only activated if chosen as an Outlet Range of 4-20mA. If this function is activated in the case of an alarm, the outward value of the current will be 2.4mA according to the NAMUR standard. The default of this function is deactivated.

#### 4.3.7 CALIBRATIONS MENU

This programme phase allows for the instrument calibration with the electrode used. Calibration must be carried out:

- When starting the measure instrument / electrode chain the first time
- Every time the electrode is replaced
- When starting the instrument after a long inactivity period
- In the case of any discrepancies compared with the known value

For granting a proper working, further to the above mentioned conditions, it will be required to check the calibration of or to recalibrate the instrument periodically.

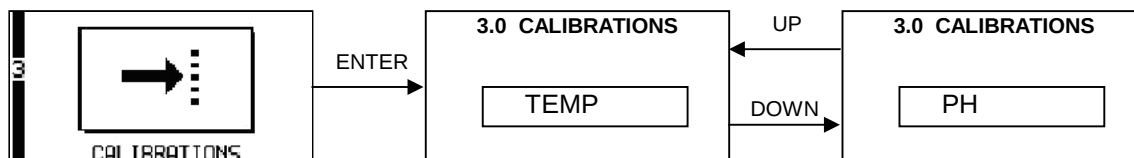
User will determine the frequency of this operation, keeping into account the application and the electrode use.

## NOTE



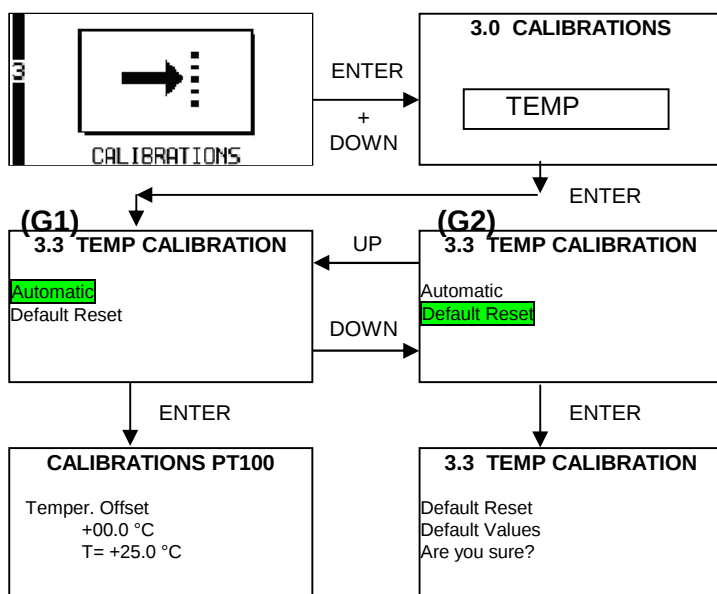
We remind you that before carrying out any checks or recalibrations, the electrode must be cleaned thoroughly with clean water, making it stabilizing for at least 30 minutes on the atmosphere or into the known title solution.

Descriptions of the calibration functions:



From this menu it is possible to choose pH-ORP or Temperature calibration.

## Temperature calibration:



The calibration of Temperature allows to align the values given by the temperature sensor to the real analysis values; this step must be done only if the operator finds a few differences between the values given by the instrument and the real temperature.

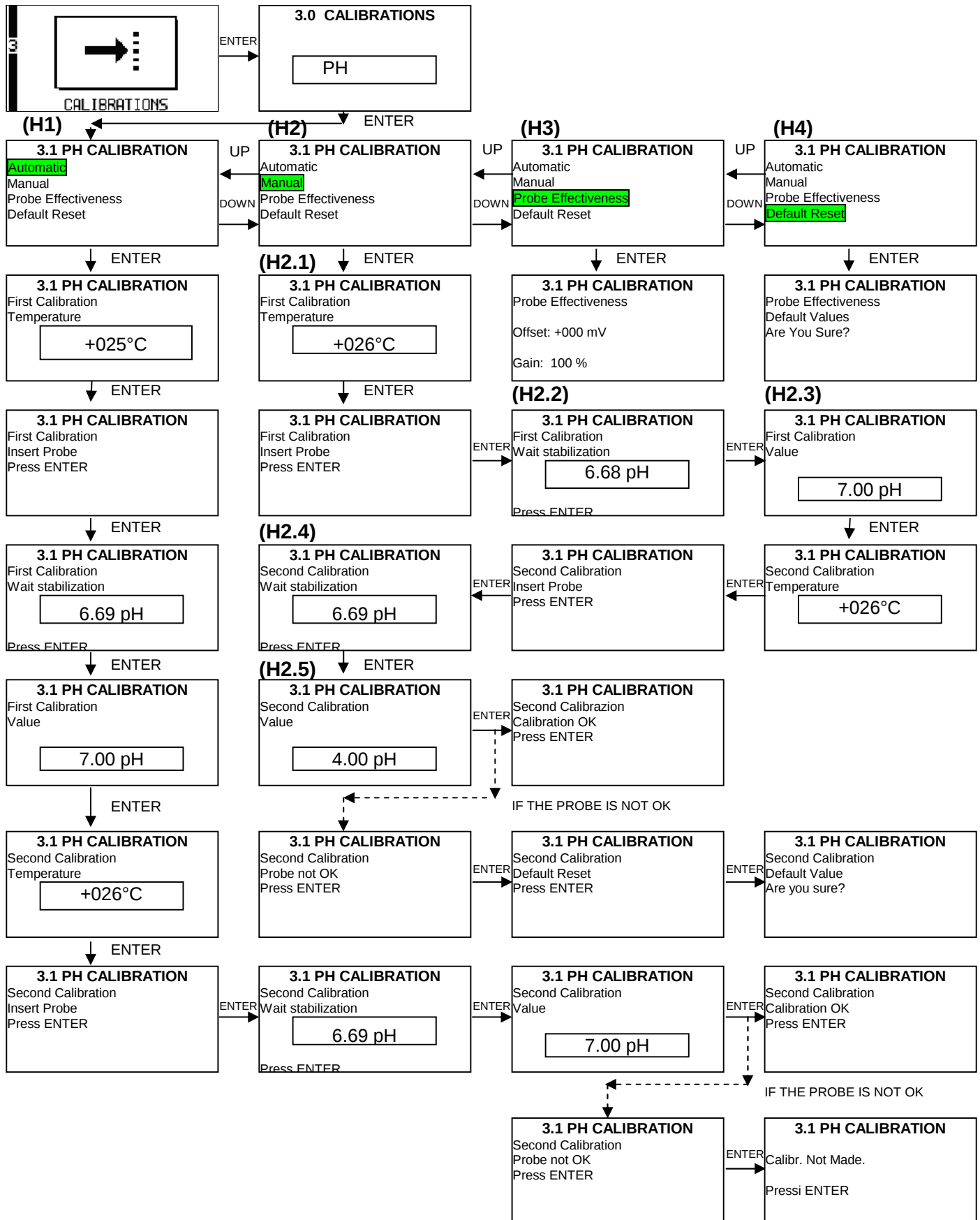
### G1) Automatic Calibration

The calibration consists in adding or subtracting an offset in order to bring back the value given by the instrument to the correct measure.

### G2) Reset Default

This programme step allows for the calibration factors to be reset to the original factory ones. To be used when incorrect calibrations are confirmed.

## pH calibration:



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## H1) Automatic

The automatic calibration is very similar to the manual calibration described in the following lines; the main difference is that in this function the instrument is able to automatically recognize standard buffer solutions, assigning at the measured value the corresponding standard buffer value. The instrument can recognize the following standard buffer solutions for pH calibration: pH 7.00, pH 4.01, pH 10.00. The instrument can also recognize a buffer solution of 465 mV for the ORP automatic calibration.

## H2) Manual

The pH calibration includes two calibration points, while the ORP just one.

### pH calibration:

**H.2.1)** First calibration must be carried out using pH7 buffer!! After inserting the temperature compensation value of the calibration solution (if the temperature probe is connected, the temperature will be read automatically) press the ENTER key and dip the pH electrode into the pH7 buffer solution, then press the ENTER key once again.

**H.2.2)** Wait till the displayed value read by the probe stabilizes, then press the ENTER key.

**H.2.3)** The instrument automatically recognises the solution and display the pH7 buffer value; press the ENTER key.

**H.2.4) and K.2.5)** Carry out the second point calibration as with the first one. In this phase, acid buffers (pH4) or alkaline buffers (pH9) can be used; the instrument will recognise them automatically. pH buffers different from 4 or 9 can be also used by modifying the buffer value displayed by pressing the UP and DOWN keys.

**For choosing between acid and alkaline buffer, please refer to the probe working range, i.e.: if the working range is between 4 and 8 pH, use a pH4 as the second calibration point.**

Once the calibration of the second point has been completed, the instrument will control the calibration data consistency and if everything is Ok the message "Calibration OK" or "Correct probe" will be displayed on the instrument.

If the calibration is correct, the probe Effectiveness values will be displayed on the instrument.

If "Faulty Probe" is displayed, we recommend:

- To check the electrode physical integrity and the protection cap removing
- To assure the cleaning of the porous plug, if not, dip the electrode into a regenerant solution (Chloridric acid 3-4% solution ) for some minutes
- To check the cable integrity, the correct connection to the instrument and on the electrode.

### ORP calibration:

After inserting the calibration solution temperature compensation value (if the Temperature probe is connected the temperature will be read automatically), press the ENTER key and dip the ORP electrode into the calibration solution, then press the ENTER key once again.

Wait till the displayed value, read by the probe, stabilise, then press the ENTER key.

The instrument will automatically display a value in mV which may be modified in relation to the value of the solution used, by pressing the UP or DOWN arrow. Press the ENTER key.

The instrument will then verify the calibration data. If they are correct, the message "Calibration OK" will be displayed, otherwise the message "Faulty Probe" will be shown.

If the calibration is correct, the Probe Effectiveness value will be displayed on the instrument.

### H3) Probe Effectiveness

As to the pH probes, when the OFFSET value is above  $\pm 100\text{mV}$  and the Gain falls to below 50%, it means that the electrode needs to be regenerated or replaced.

#### H4) Default Reset

### 4.3.8 MENU MANUAL CONTROL

This step of the programme is useful for all functional controls eg. Upon installation to check functioning of the entire system.

This function allows for the values read by the digital analogical converter related to the PH / ORP and temperature measuring to be seen directly.

## K2) Digital Inputs

### K3) Analogical Outputs

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It allows for manual simulation of both the Analogical Outputs under current. The variations of the outputs have a pass of 0.1mA.

#### **K4) Relay Outputs**

It allows for manual activation of the Relay Outputs

#### **CAUTION**

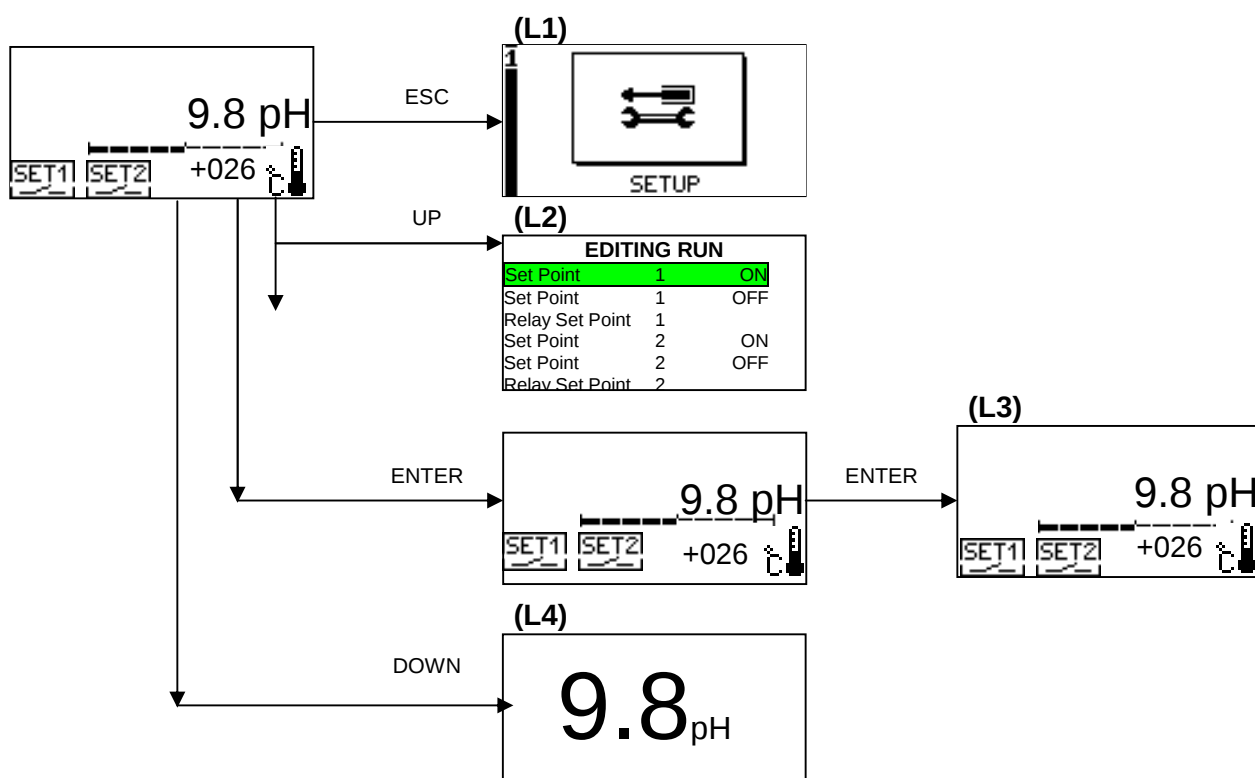
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**When exiting from the “MANUAL CONTROL” function, all the possible manual settings will be reset.**

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### 4.3.9 FUNCTIONS IN RUN



In the RUN screen the following things can be seen:

- pH / ORP Measure
- Percent value compared to full scale (bargraph)
- the system time
- the status and type of programming of Relays 1 and 2
- Status of Digital Input
- Status of the Alarm Relay
- Status of the Washing Relay
- Status of the Password
- Status of measuring and outlet freezing
- Value of the Temperature or of the Analogical Outlet
- System errors

#### J1) Pressing the ESC key

By pressing this key you will enter the Instrument Programming stage and all measuring and dosage functions will be deactivated. Caution: the instrument will not leave this stage automatically and therefore if it is left in the Instrument Set-up it will never carry out any operation.

In the Instrument Set-up stage, serial communication is also deactivated.

#### J2) The UP key

It visualises the status and the value of the Set Point 1 and 2 without blocking the operation of the instrument or stopping the pump.

#### J3) The ENTER key

It visualises the value of Temperature of the value of the Analogical outlet 1 or the value of the Analogical outlet 2 at the bottom of the display.

#### J4) The DOWN key

It is possible to ZOOM on the primary measure.

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## 5 USER MAINTENANCE

### 5.1 SPECIAL CAUTIONS FOR CRITICAL COMPONENTS

An LCD (Liquid Crystal Display) is incorporated into the equipment and it contains small amounts of toxic materials.

In order to avoid damages to people and to limit the negative effects on the environment, comply with the following instructions:

#### **Display LCD:**

- The LCD display of the electronic device is fragile (it is made of glass) and therefore should be handled with extreme care. For this reason we recommend that the device is protected in its original packaging during transport or when not in use.
- If the glass of the LCD breaks and liquid spills out, make sure that you do not touch it. Wash every part of the body that may have come into contact with the liquid for at least 15 minutes. If, once this operation has been carried out, you notice any symptoms consult a doctor immediately.